



Recommendation

-(b)(4).

Background Summary

This original BLA was submitted by Biotest Pharmaceuticals Corporation (BPC) on 03-NOV-2010 for the product of Immune Globulin Intravenous (Human) 10% Liquid (BIVIGAM). Viral safety data are included in the BLA to support the approval. The data are obtained from the following studies: 1) Plasma screening; 2) Analytical assay validation (serological testing for antibodies and antigen and NAT testing); and 3) Manufacturing procedures that are intended for virus clearance.

Human Source Plasma (SP) is the starting material for the production of BIVIGAM, which is obtained from FDA-licensed plasma collection centers in the United States. All plasma is serological tested for anti-HIV and anti-HCV antibodies as well as HBsAg, NAT tested for HAV, HBV, HCV, HIV and Parvovirus B19.

Three manufacturing steps are designed specifically for the removal and/or inactivation of the virus:

- 1) Precipitation and Removal of Fraction III including Depth Filtration;

2) S/D treatment by TNBP/Triton X-100;

3) 35 nm virus filtration.

---(b)(4)--- treatment is embedded in both S/D treatment step and Nanofiltration step.

CMC Review - Viral Safety

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2.2. Viruses used in the viral validation studies

Both non-enveloped and enveloped viruses were selected for the viral validation studies (Table 2).

Table 2. Characteristics of selected viruses for viral validation

Virus	Family	Envelope	Genome	Size (nm)*	Model for
Human Immuno-deficiency Virus (HIV)	Retro	Yes	RNA	80 - 100	Relevant Virus
Pseudorabies Virus (PRV)	Herpes	Yes	DNA	120 - 200	Herpes viruses, HBV
Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus (BVDV)	Flavi	Yes	RNA	50 - 70	HCV
Sindbis Virus (SinV)	Flavi	Yes	RNA	60 - 70	HCV
West Nile Virus (WNV)	Flavi	Yes	RNA	40 - 60	Relevant Virus
Murine Encephalomyelitis Virus (MEV)	Picorna	No	RNA	25 - 30	HAV
Porcine Parvo Virus (PPV)	Parvo	No	DNA	18 - 24	Parvo B19
Bovine Parvo Virus (BPV)	Parvo	No	DNA	18 - 24	Parvo B19
Simian Virus 40 (SV40)	Polyoma	No	DNA	40 - 50	non-lipid-coated, highly resistant DNA viruses

*as listed in Note for Guidance on Virus Validation Studies: The Design, Contribution and Interpretation of Studies Validating the Inactivation and Removal of Viruses; CPMP/BWP/268/95 rev.2 (2)

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2.6. Results of Virus Validation Studies and Proposed Viral Reduction

An IR was sent to sponsor on April 07, 2011 regarding viral validation study locations:

FDA Information Request (April 07, 2011): Since the viral validation studies were done at different locations by Biotest or -----(b)(4)-----, please submit a summary to indicate the LRF values of all viruses tested at each location and the differences, if any, in the testing methods.

Sponsor's Response (May 09, 2011): Viral validation studies were conducted at two separate locations, yet there is no two studies done at two locations for the same virus validation studies (Table below):

Labs for Virus Validation Studies

Laboratory	---(b)(4)---	Biotest Virus Validation Lab
Virus	HIV, WNV, BPV	BVDV, PRV, SinV, PPV, MEV, SV40

Reviewer's comments: Sponsor's response is acceptable.

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	Virus Removal/Inactivation (\log_{10})
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* without depth filtration -- not done values below 1 log₁₀ are considered as insignificant and are not used for total clearance;

HIV, human immunodeficiency virus; **BVDV**, Bovine viral diarrhea virus, model virus for HCV; **SinV**, Sindbis virus, model virus for HCV; **WNV**, West Nile virus; **PRV**, Pseudorabies virus, model virus for herpes viruses and Hepatitis B virus; **MEV**, model virus for hepatitis A virus; **BPV**, Bovine parvovirus.

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Reviewer's Comments (April 10, 2012): Biotest claimed Log Reduction Factors based on -----
 -----(b)(4)----- assays. -----(b)(4)----- prediction was used to calculate the virus (b)(4) when the
 virus was not detectable by the (b)(4) assay. In the telecon with Biotest held on 10-APR-2012, FDA
 required Biotest to provide data supporting that the number of infected (b)(4) corresponds to those
 predicted with the -----(b)(4)----- of probability. Under this condition, the virus (b)(4) could be
 deduced based on -----(b)(4)----- . The sponsor agreed to submit these data and agreed to the
 following PMC:

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FDA Information Request (April 07, 2011): In your viral validation study for the S/D treatment, the
 WNV reduction value of --(b)(4)-- is claimed in the overall LRF table instead of the value of 4.96 log₁₀. If
 higher value was obtained under the influence of downstream -----(b)(4)----, please provide related
 validation data to demonstrate the combined effects of these two steps on the WNV reduction or validate
 these two steps separately.

Sponsor's Response (May 09, 2011): Sponsor agreed and will claim the reduction of > 4.96 log₁₀ for
 WNV by the SD step.

Table 6. Final Log10 virus reduction values in Package Insert

Virus type Family	Virus Removal/Inactivation (log ₁₀)								
	Enveloped viruses					Non-enveloped viruses			
	Retro	Flavi			Herpes	Picorna	Parvo		Polyoma
Step/Virus	HIV	BVDV	SinV	WNV	PRV	MEV	BPV	PPV	SV40
Precipitation and Removal of Fraction III		1.87							2.00
Precipitation and Removal of Fraction III and Depth Filtration	--	--	--	--	--	5.29	--	4.00	--
TNBP/Triton X-100 Treatment	> 4.43	> 5.04	> 7.11	> 4.96	> 4.01	--	--	--	--
35 nm Virus Filtration	> 5.19	> 4.88	--	--	> 4.64	<1.0 *	6.18	< 1.0 *	> 5.02
Total Clearance	> 9.62	> 11.79	> 7.11	> 4.96	> 8.65	5.29	6.18	4.00	> 7.02

Reviewer's comments: Sponsor's response is acceptable.

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